

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
GREENVILLE DIVISION

Connie King Smits,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	Civil Action No.: 6:16-cv-3599-TLW
)	
v.)	
)	
Nancy A. Berryhill, Acting Commissioner)	ORDER
of Social Security,)	
)	
Defendant.)	
_____)	

Plaintiff, Connie King Smits (“Plaintiff”), brought this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) to obtain judicial review of a final decision of the Defendant, Acting Commissioner of Social Security (“Commissioner”), ECF No. 1, denying her claims for disability insurance benefits, ECF No. 10-2. This matter is before the Court for review of the Report and Recommendation (“the Report”) filed on January 22, 2018, by United States Magistrate Judge Kevin F. McDonald, to whom this case had previously been assigned pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2)(a), (D.S.C.). ECF No. 20. In the Report, the Magistrate Judge recommends affirming the Commissioner’s decision. *Id.* Plaintiff filed Objections to the Report on February 10, 2018. ECF No. 25. The Commissioner filed a reply to the objections on February 22, 2018. ECF No. 26. The matter is now ripe for disposition.

The Court is charged with conducting a *de novo* review of any portion of the Magistrate Judge’s Report and Recommendation to which a specific objection is registered, and may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendations contained in that report. 28 U.S.C. § 636. In conducting this review, the Court applies the following standard:

The magistrate judge makes only a recommendation to the Court, to which any party may file written objections The Court is not bound by the

recommendation of the magistrate judge but, instead, retains responsibility for the final determination. The Court is required to make a *de novo* determination of those portions of the report or specified findings or recommendation as to which an objection is made. However, the Court is not required to review, under a *de novo* or any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to those portions of the report and recommendation to which no objections are addressed. While the level of scrutiny entailed by the Court's review of the Report thus depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case the Court is free, after review, to accept, reject, or modify any of the magistrate judge's findings or recommendations.

Wallace v. Housing Auth. of the City of Columbia, 791 F. Supp. 137, 138 (D.S.C. 1992) (citations omitted).

The Court has carefully reviewed the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation, the objections thereto, and all other relevant filings and memoranda. After careful consideration, the Court finds that Plaintiff's objections are repetitive and that the Administrative Law Judge's decision to deny benefits is supported by substantial evidence. Therefore, it is hereby **ORDERED** that the Report, ECF No. 20, is **ACCEPTED**, and Plaintiff's objections, ECF No. 25, are **OVERRULED**. For the reasons stated herein and those articulated by the Magistrate Judge, the Commissioner's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Terry L. Wooten
TERRY L. WOOTEN
Chief United States District Judge

March 20, 2018
Columbia, South Carolina